

Contact Details Name:
Hospital
Telephone:

- has GLUTARIC ACIDURIA TYPE 1
- Please read carefully. Meticulous treatment is very important as there is a very high risk of neurological complications.
- TREATMENT IS URGENT. DO NOT DELAY. START TREATMENT AT ONCE
- Give Glucose 200 mg/kg at once (2 ml/kg of 10% glucose or 1ml/kg of 20% glucose) over a few minutes.
- **Give normal saline 10 ml/kg** unless the peripheral circulation is poor or the patient is frankly shocked, then give 20 ml/kg normal saline as a bolus immediately after the glucose. Repeat the saline bolus if the poor circulation persists as for a shocked non-metabolic patient.
- Continue with glucose 10% / saline 0.45% at 5 ml/kg/h ONLY UNTIL THE NEXT SOLUTION IS READY AND AN ACCURATE INFUSION RATE HAS BEEN CALCULATED DO NOT LEAVE ON HIGH INFUSION RATES FOR TOO LONG
- If this is not immediately available, continue with glucose 10% until it is ready. (For instructions to make glucose 10% / saline 0.45% solution click here)
- Call paediatrician for continuing management. **Do not delay. If paediatrician not immediately available please refer to additional instructions on the next page or the BIMDG website.**
- If there is any doubt at all, the child must be admitted, even if only necessary for a short period of observation.
- *This protocol is for the immediate management only.*

More information can be found in the <u>BIMDG</u> standard emergency guideline for glutaric aciduria type 1 (Click Here)

Continuing Intravenous management: Additional instructions

- Quickly calculate the deficit and maintenance and prepare the intravenous fluids
 - o Deficit: estimate from clinical signs if no recent weight available
 - o Maintenance: Formula for calculating daily maintenance fluid volume (BNF for children) 100ml/kg for 1st 10kg then 50 ml/kg for next 10kg then 20ml/kg thereafter, using calculated rehydrated weight. Deduct the fluid already given from the total for the first 24 hours.
 - o Give 0.45% saline/10% glucose (for instructions to make this solution click here).
- Having calculated the deficit and the maintenance, administer the appropriate rate of 0.45% saline/10% glucose to correct the deficit within 24 hours
- Recheck the electrolytes every 24 hours if still on IV fluids.

Aminoacids: If at all possible give the lysine free aminoacid mixture orally or via naso-gastric tube, as drinks or as a continuous infusion. Initially it can be given at the rate of 1g/kg/d. If this is not tolerated, the quantity can be reduced to 0.5 g/kg/d but for as short a period as possible. Do not delay giving other treatment if the mixture is not immediately available.

Click here for information about the amino acid regimen for a child with Glutaric Aciduria Type 1 requiring intravenous fluids.